

Creating Value at QIT: The QMM Project



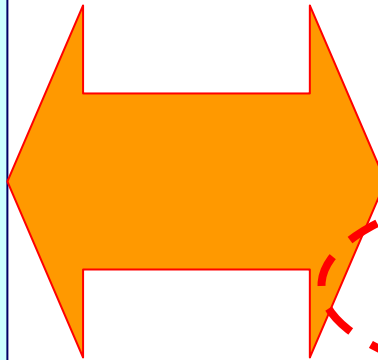
November 2007

G. Issid – QIT
C. Dion – HA
A. De Mori - HA

QMM Project Context

Technical challenges

- Brownfield expansion
- Spans all of QIT
- First time applications
 - New ore/ new slag product
 - Technical developments
 - Operational complexity



Management challenges

- Strategic project
- Marginal ROI

“ **Define scope** to fit a **set budget** within **performance and schedule**”

QMM: Goal and Strategy

(1) Costs

“ **Define scope** to fit a **set budget**
within **performance and schedule**”

Project Priorities

- 1) **Costs**
- 2) **Performance**
- 3) **Schedule**

X

(3) Schedule

(2) Performance

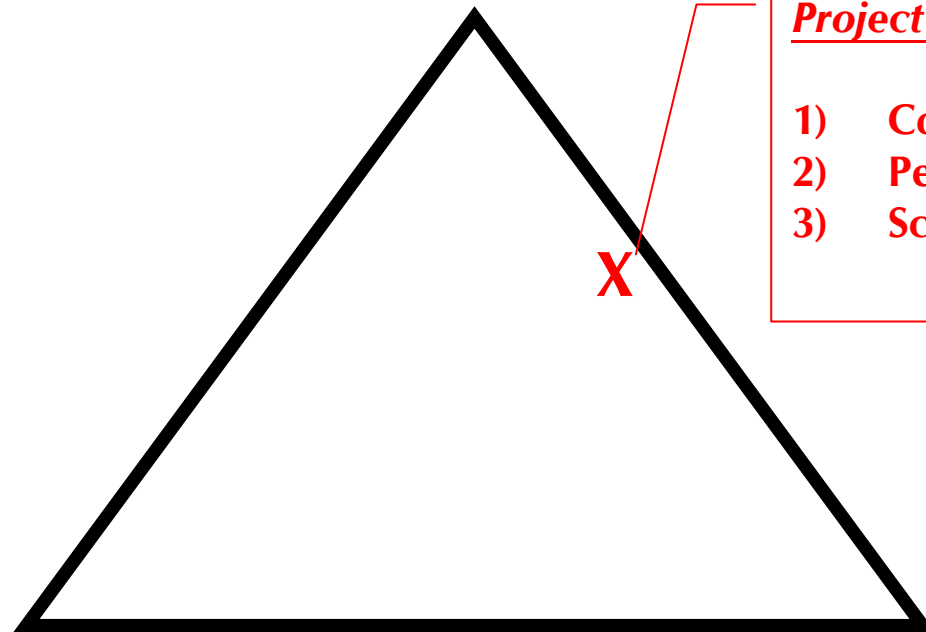
VA Results: QMM Project

(1) Costs

25% savings

Project Priorities

- 1) Costs
- 2) Performance
- 3) Schedule



(3) Schedule

On target

(2) Performance

+ 5% capacity

Agenda

- QIT-Hatch Partnership
- QIT-Hatch project definition framework
 - Project Life Cycle Process (PLP)
 - Context-Driven Definition (CDD)
 - VA integration in projects
- Value analysis applied to QMM project
 - Methodology
 - Examples

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Hatch Manifesto

We are an **innovative** organization committed to helping our clients achieve **unprecedented and sustained business results**.

Our clients appreciate our added value, trust and communications, as well as our ability to transfer our expertise quickly, efficiently and safely on a global basis.

Hatch et QIT

*Une relation de confiance qui dure
depuis plus de 50 ans*



Global Operations

8000 total staff – Aug 2007



(Yellow indicates regional hub)

Hatch Services and Sectors



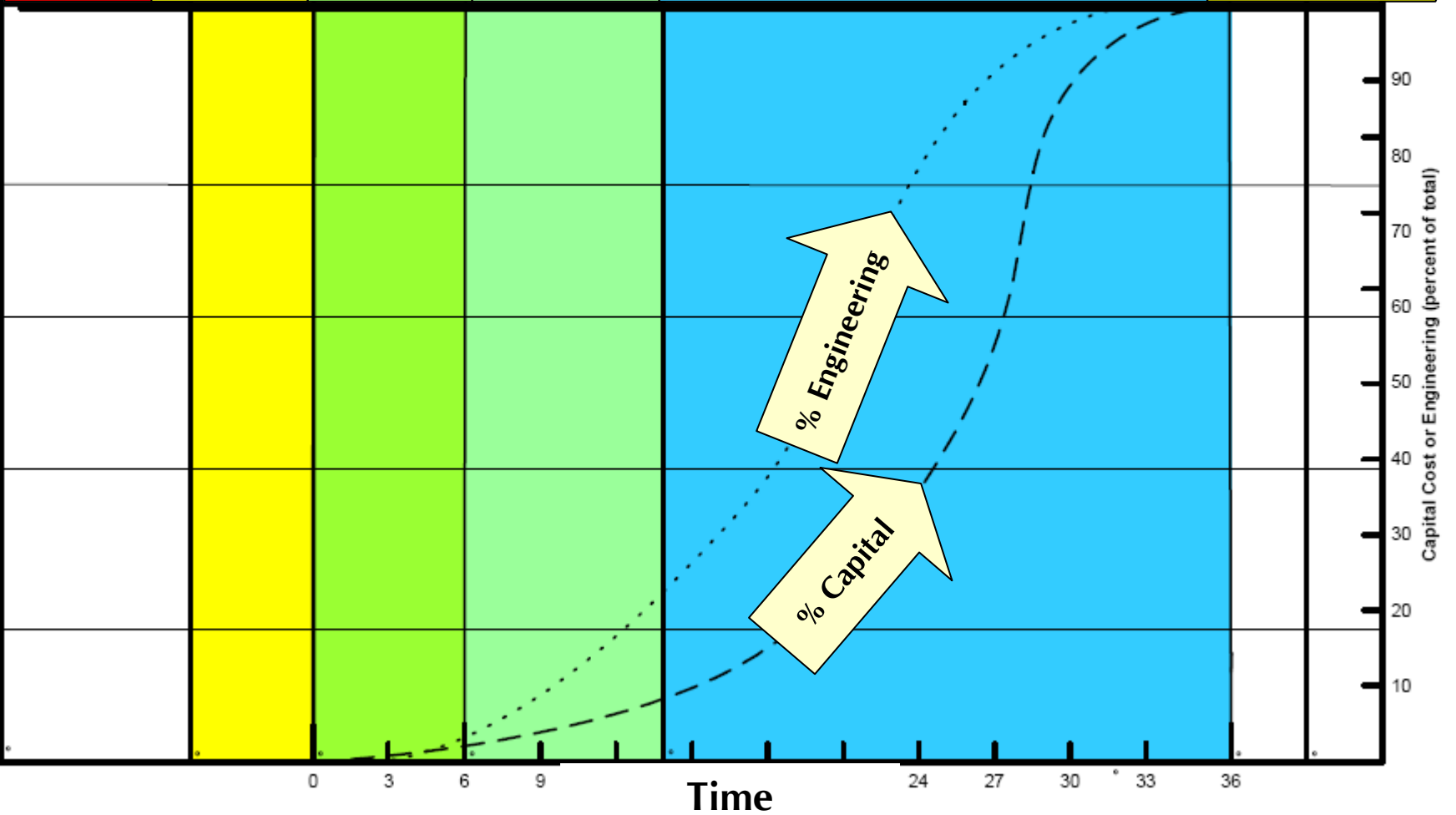
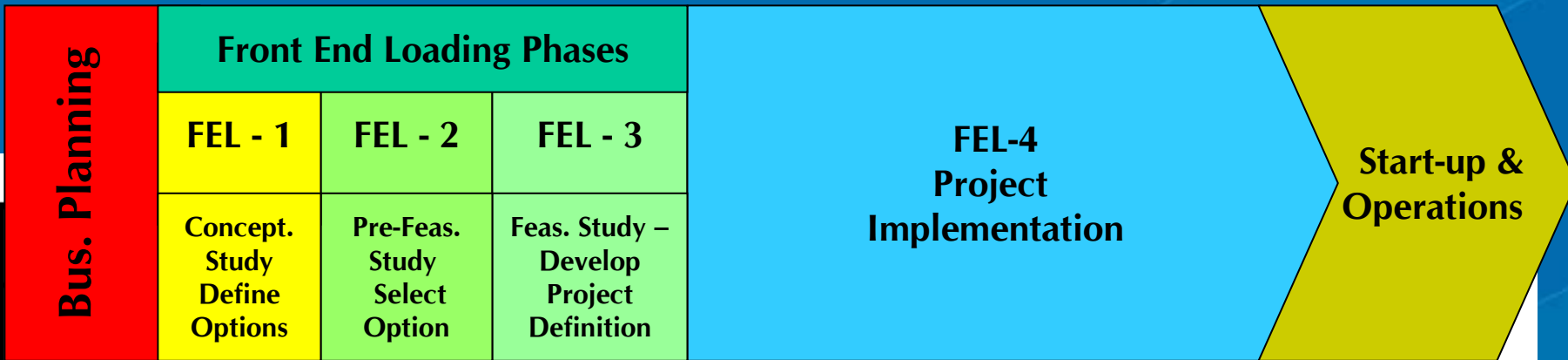
Our history with Value Analysis

- **VA at Hatch since 1995**
 - QNI (BHP Billiton)
 - Alcoa since 2000
 - Falconbridge
 - Inco

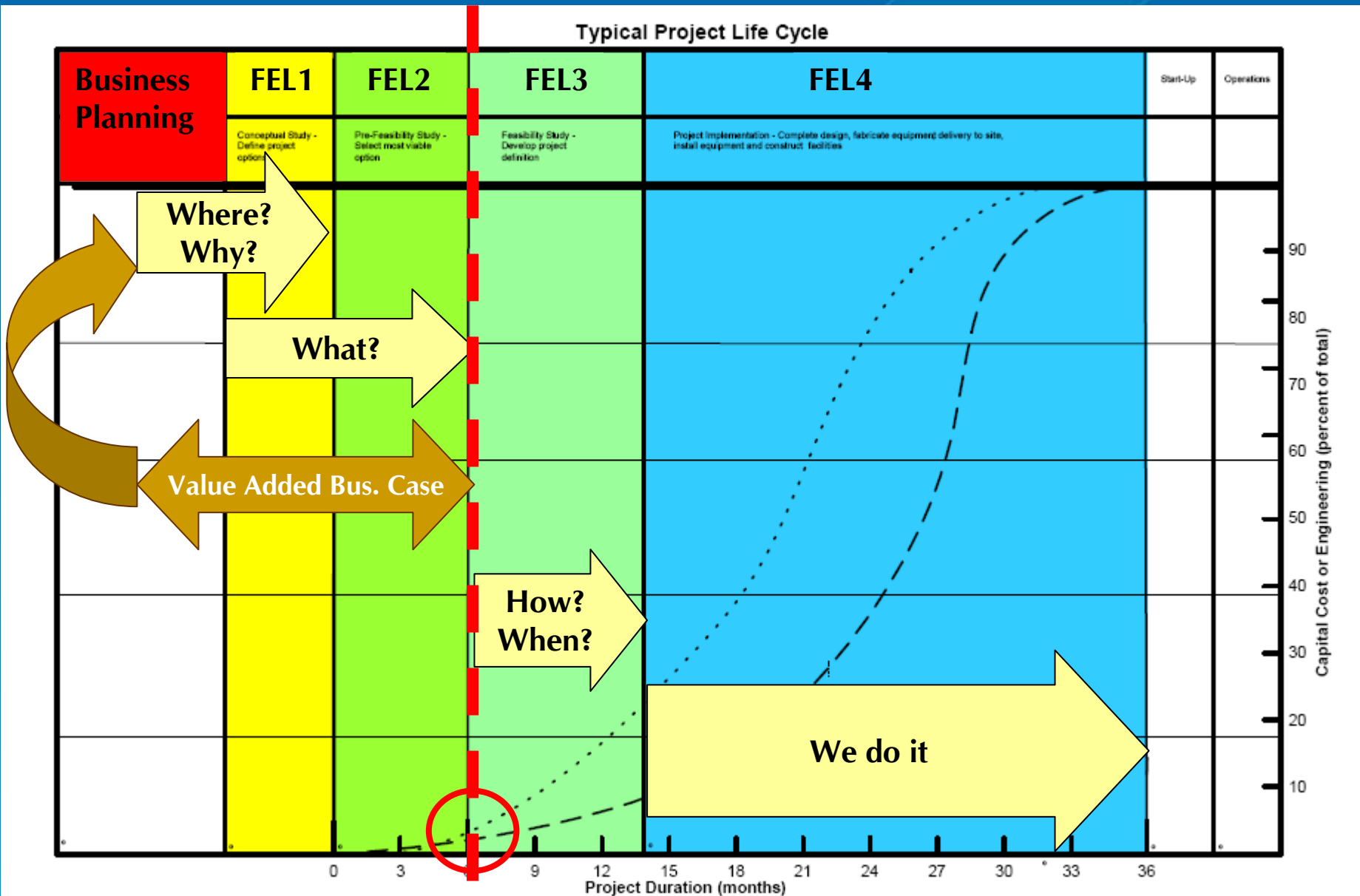
 - QIT (Rio Tinto) since 1998

Agenda

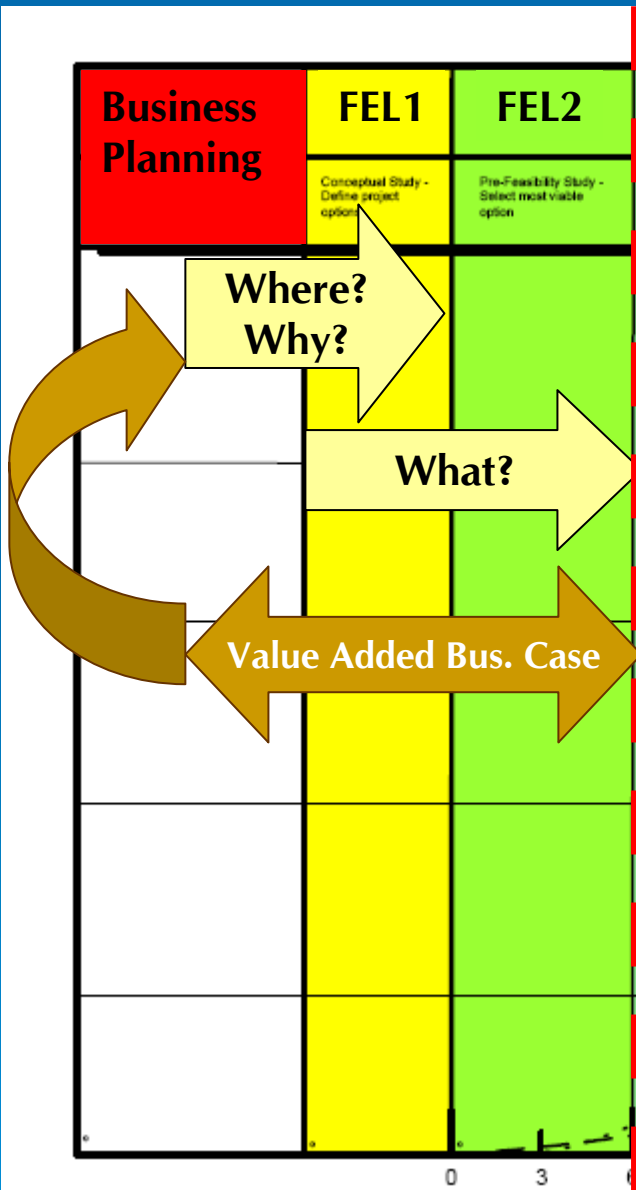
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 - **Project Life Cycle Process (PLP)**
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Project Life Cycle Process (PLP)



Project Life Cycle Process (PLP)



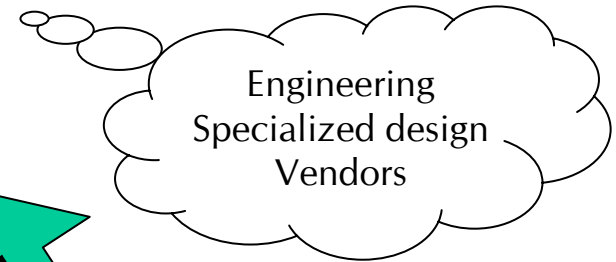
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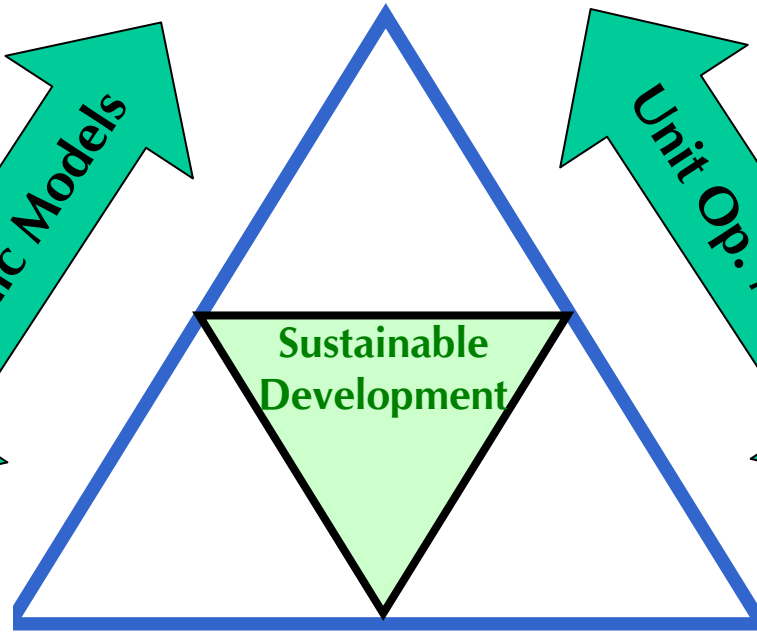
Context-Driven Definition (CDD)

Nominal Capacity (Equipment technology)

- *t/h, Nm³/h, MW, volume*
- *Number of resources*

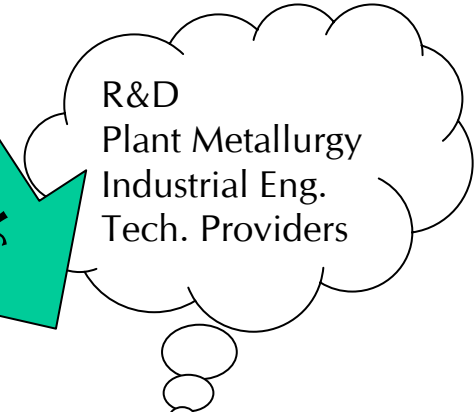


Dynamic Models



Sustainable Development

Unit Op. Models



Net Utilisation (Operation Technologies)

- *Operating time*
- *Operating factor (stability)*
- *« Average/ Nominal »*

Efficiency (Process Technology)

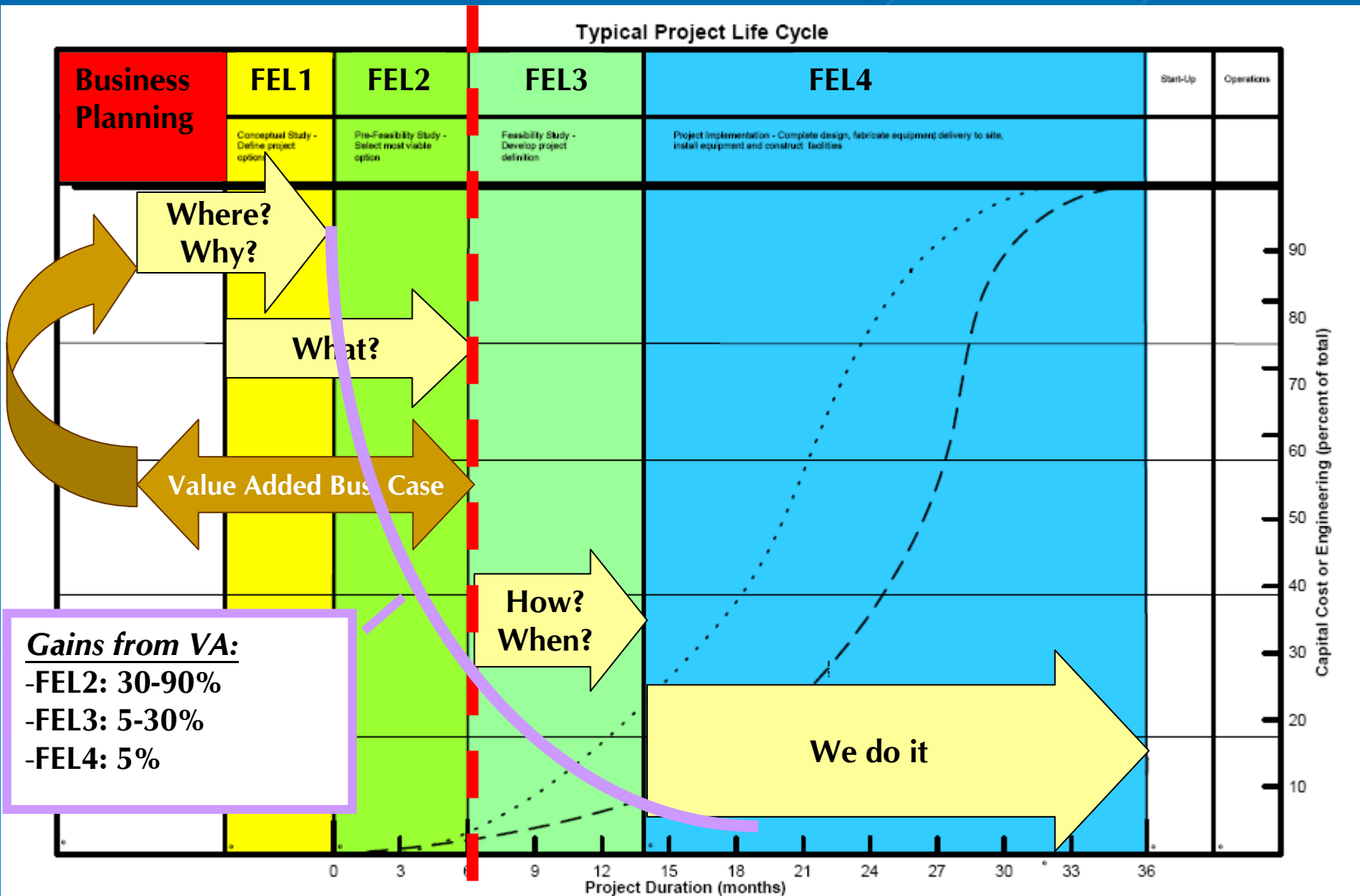
- *Mass yield (Prod/Feed)*
- *Energy efficiency (t/MW)*
- *Logistics (Cycle time)*

Statistical Models

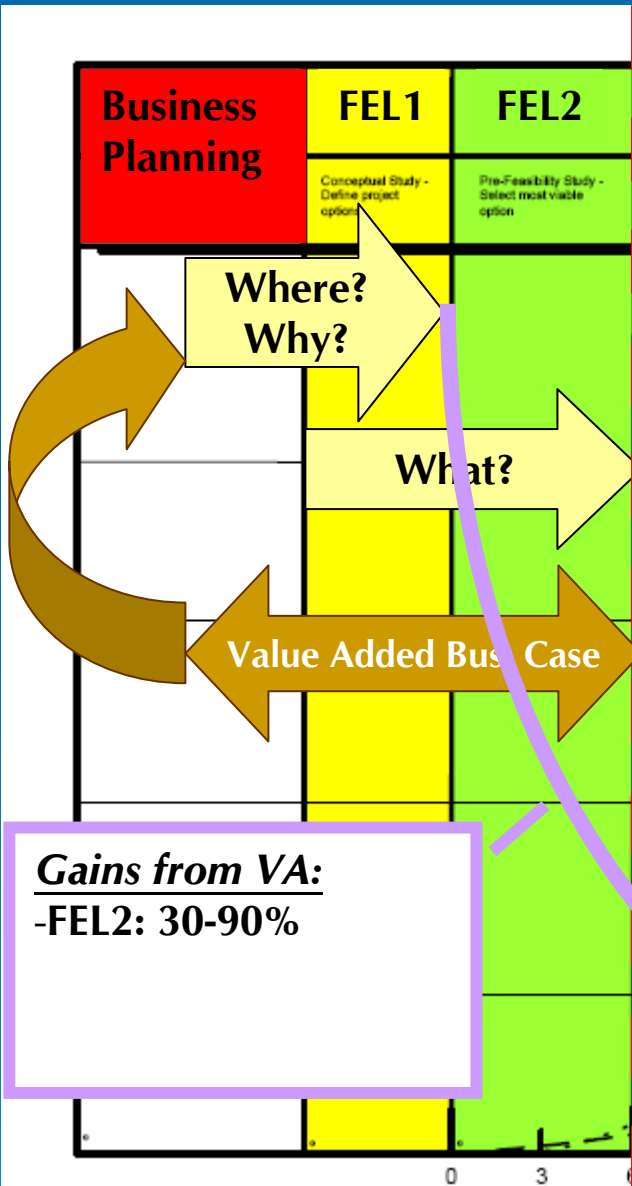
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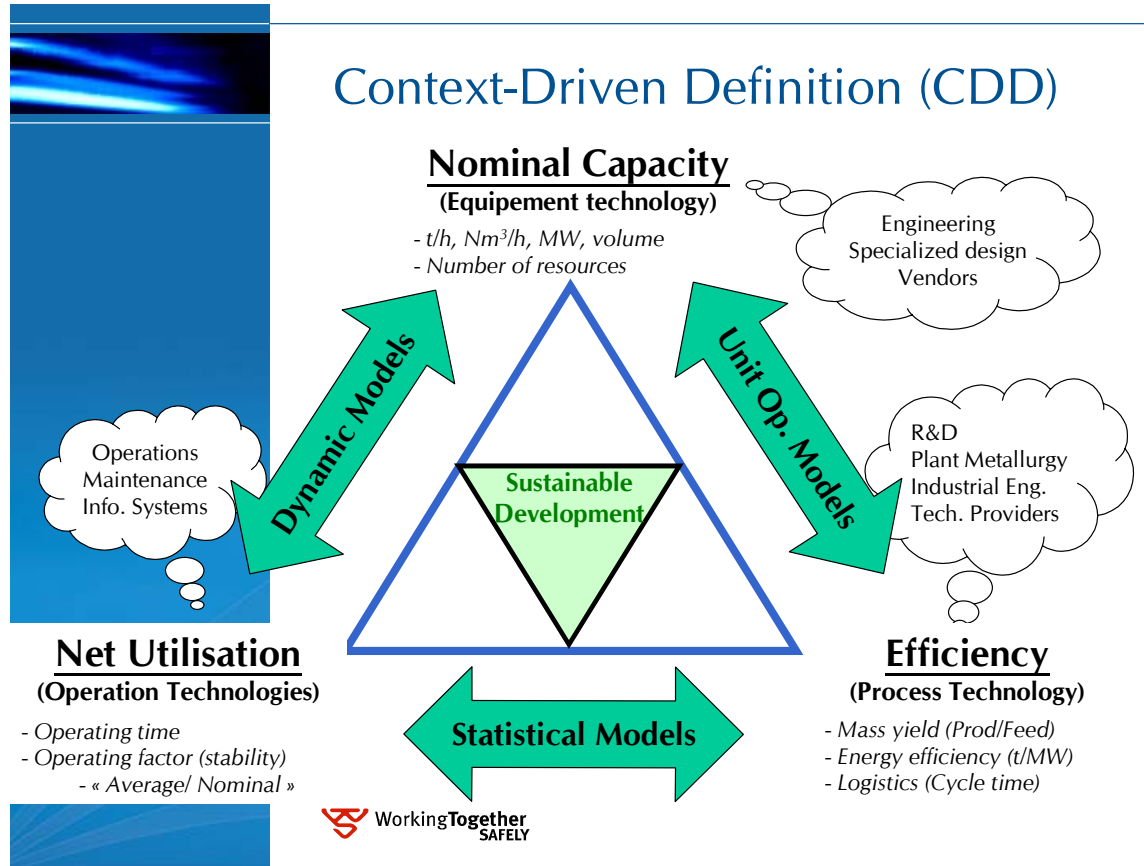
Project Life Cycle Process (PLP)



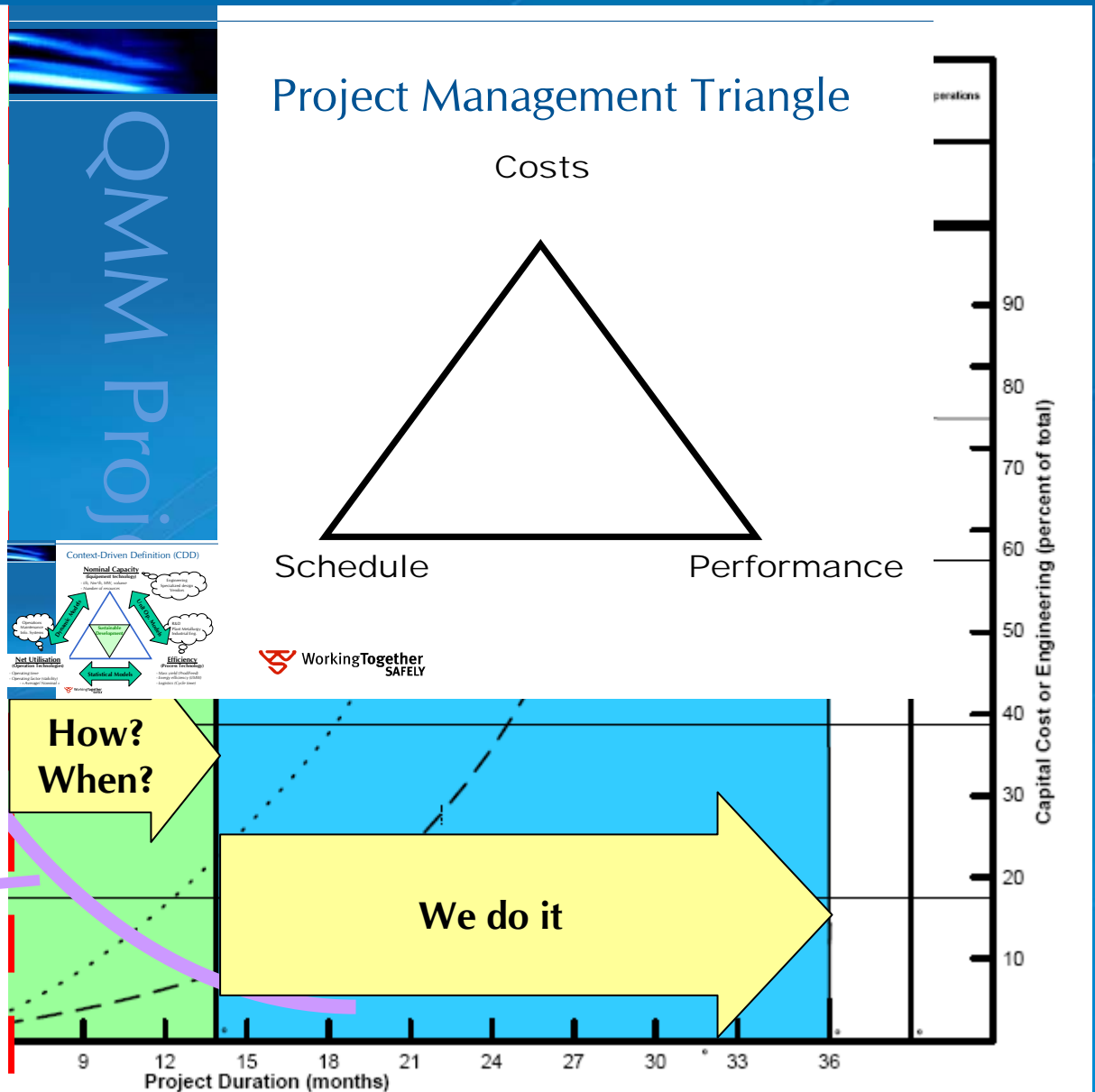
VA in Early Project Phases



Context-Driven Definition (CDD)



VA in Advanced Project Phases



Gains from VA:
 -FEL3: 5-30%
 -FEL4: 5%

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 - Examples

QMM Project: VA philosophy

- Phased approach:
 1. High Level sessions
 2. Detailed sessions by Area or Sub-area
- Integrated approach:
 - Involve all stakeholders
 - Facilitated sessions
 - VA part of every day's work
- Decision-driven approach:
 - Integration of value ideas using models
 - Cost:benefit analysis
 - Decisionmaking: steering committee

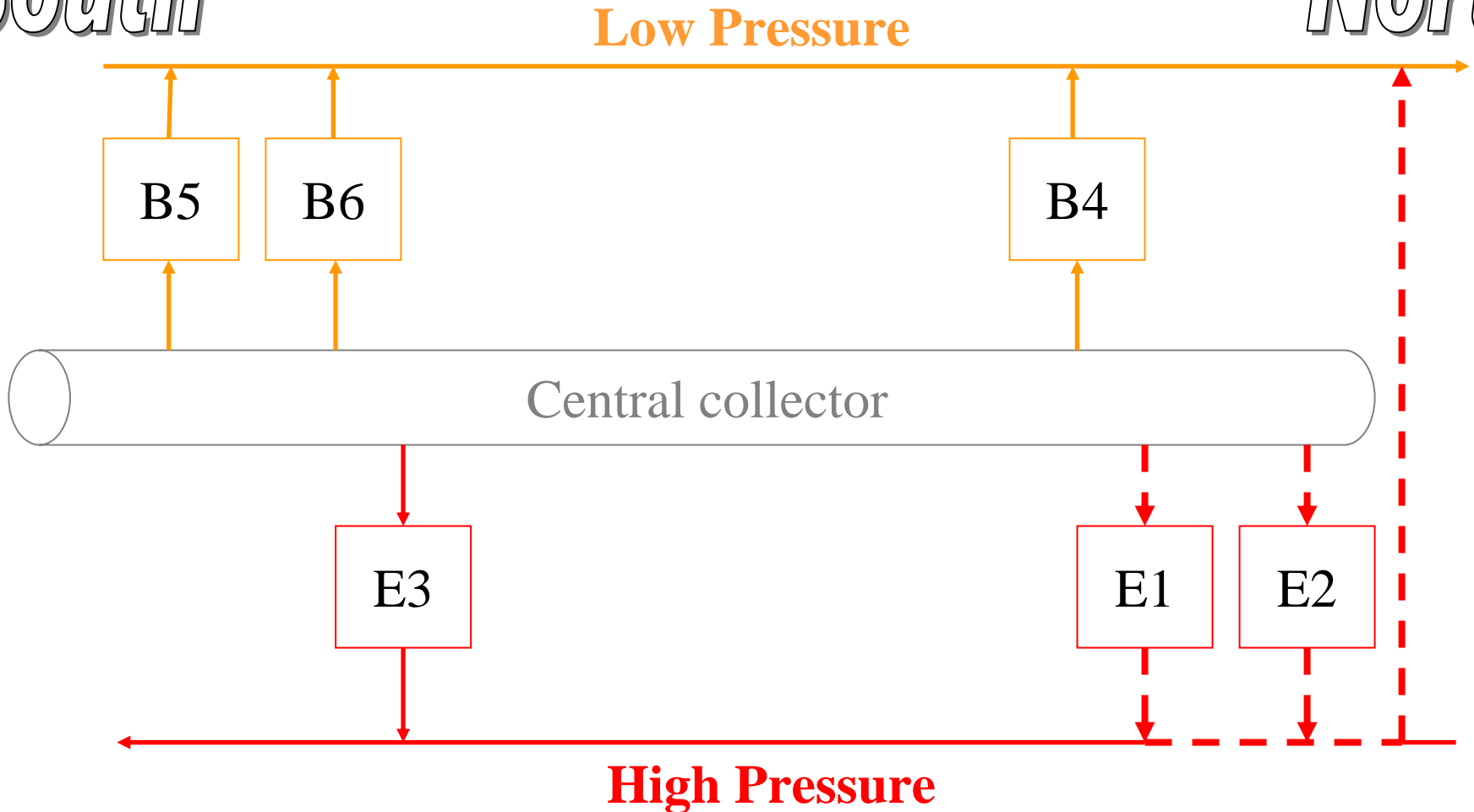
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 - **Examples**
 - **CO gas system**

CO Gas - Existing

South

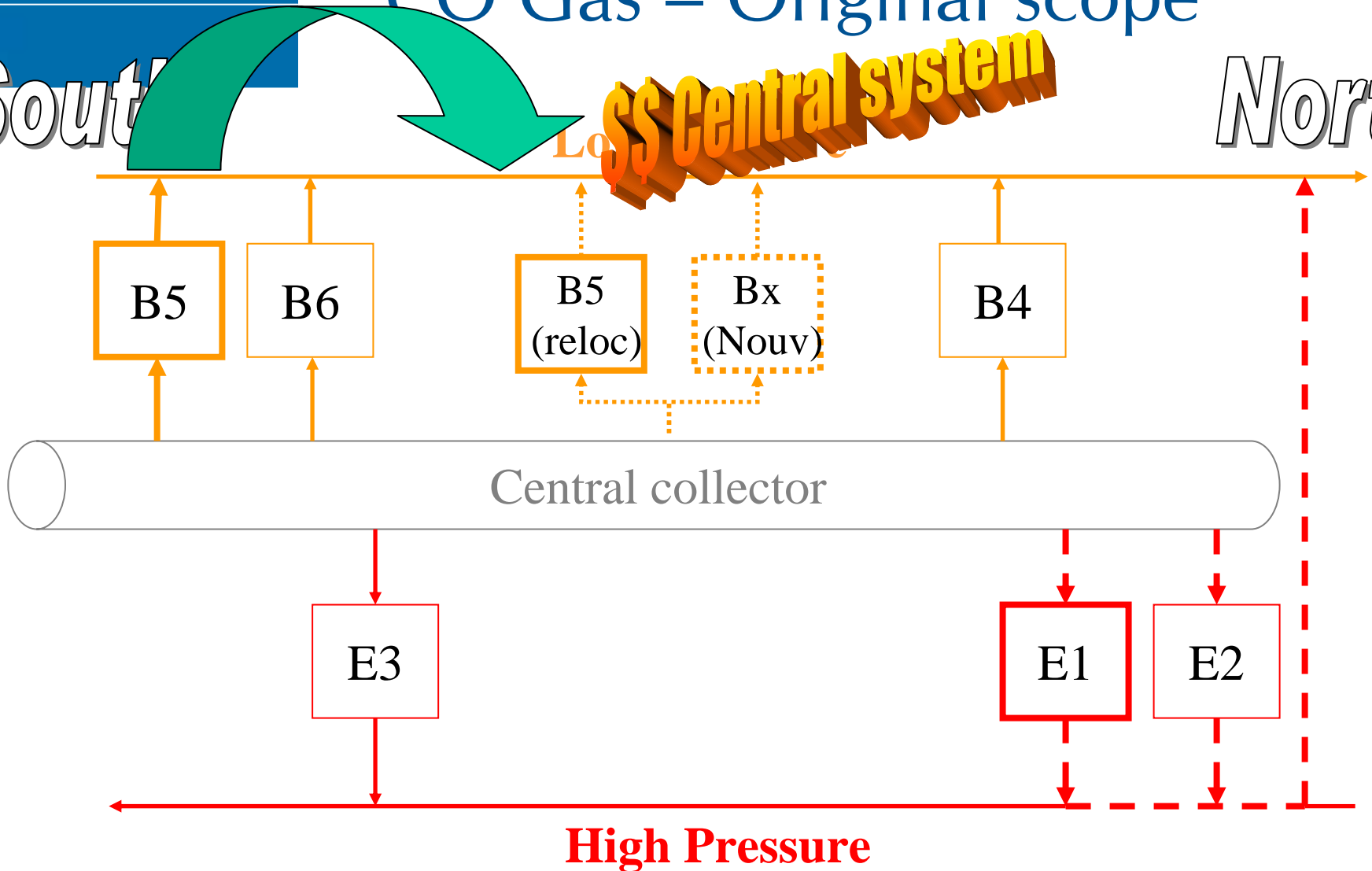
North



CO Gas – Original scope

South

North



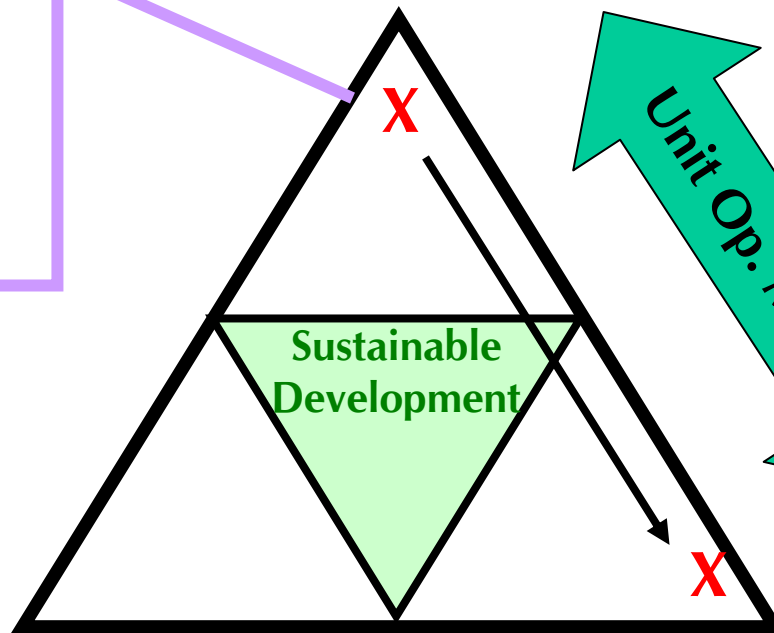
CO Gas

Nominal Capacity

VA:

- Functional analysis
- Idea generation
- Cost: Benefit analysis
- Decision making

- Add 3rd system
- New building and auxiliaries



Optimize efficiency:

- Pressure losses
- System balance

66%

\$



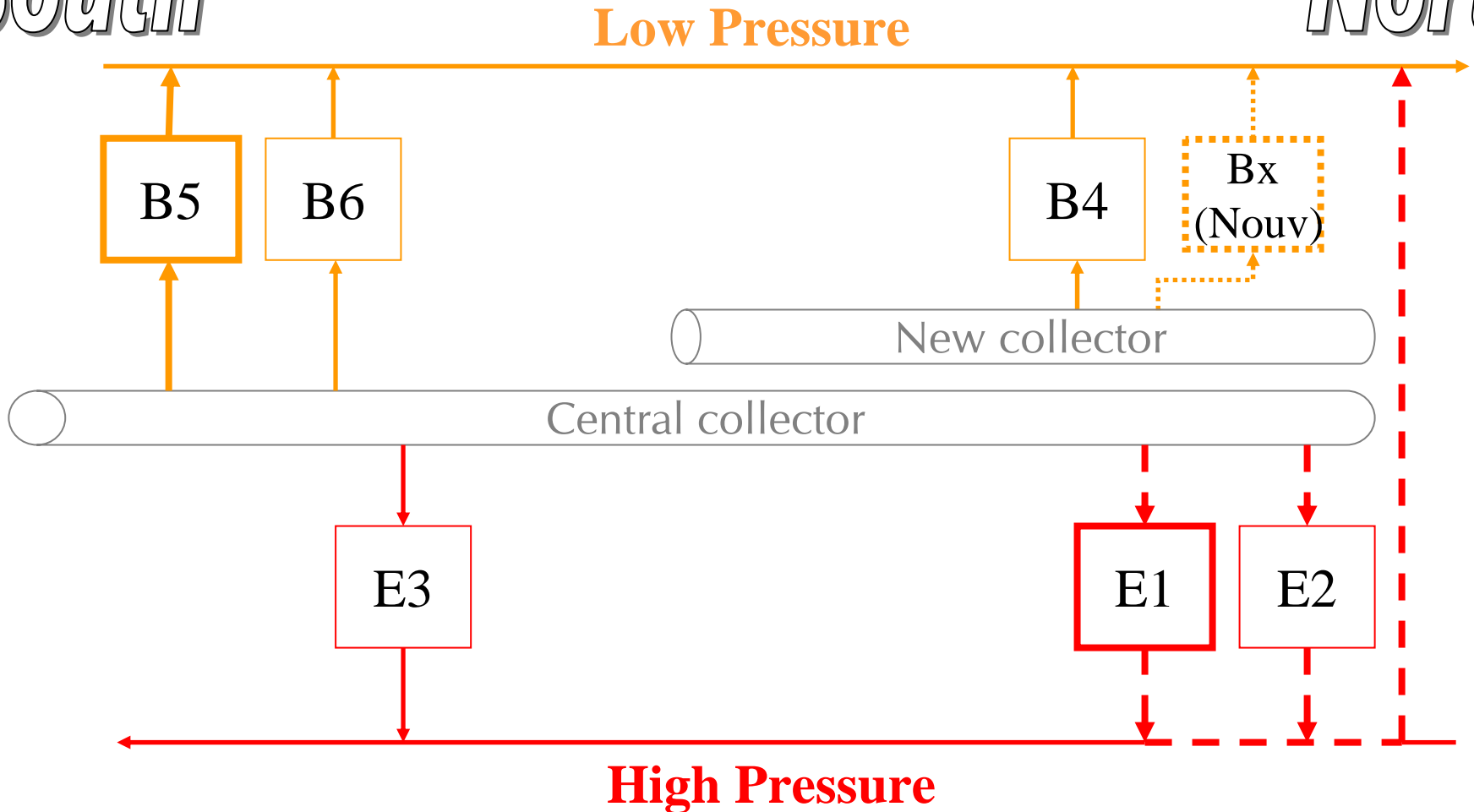
Efficiency

- Reduced pressure losses
- Balanced system
- Use of existing infrastructures (North system)

CO Gas – Optimized scope

South

North



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 - CO gas system
 - **Furnaces**

Smelting Furnaces (SF)

MW

MW

MW

MW

MW

MW

MW

MW

SF1

SF2

SF3

SF4

SF5

SF6

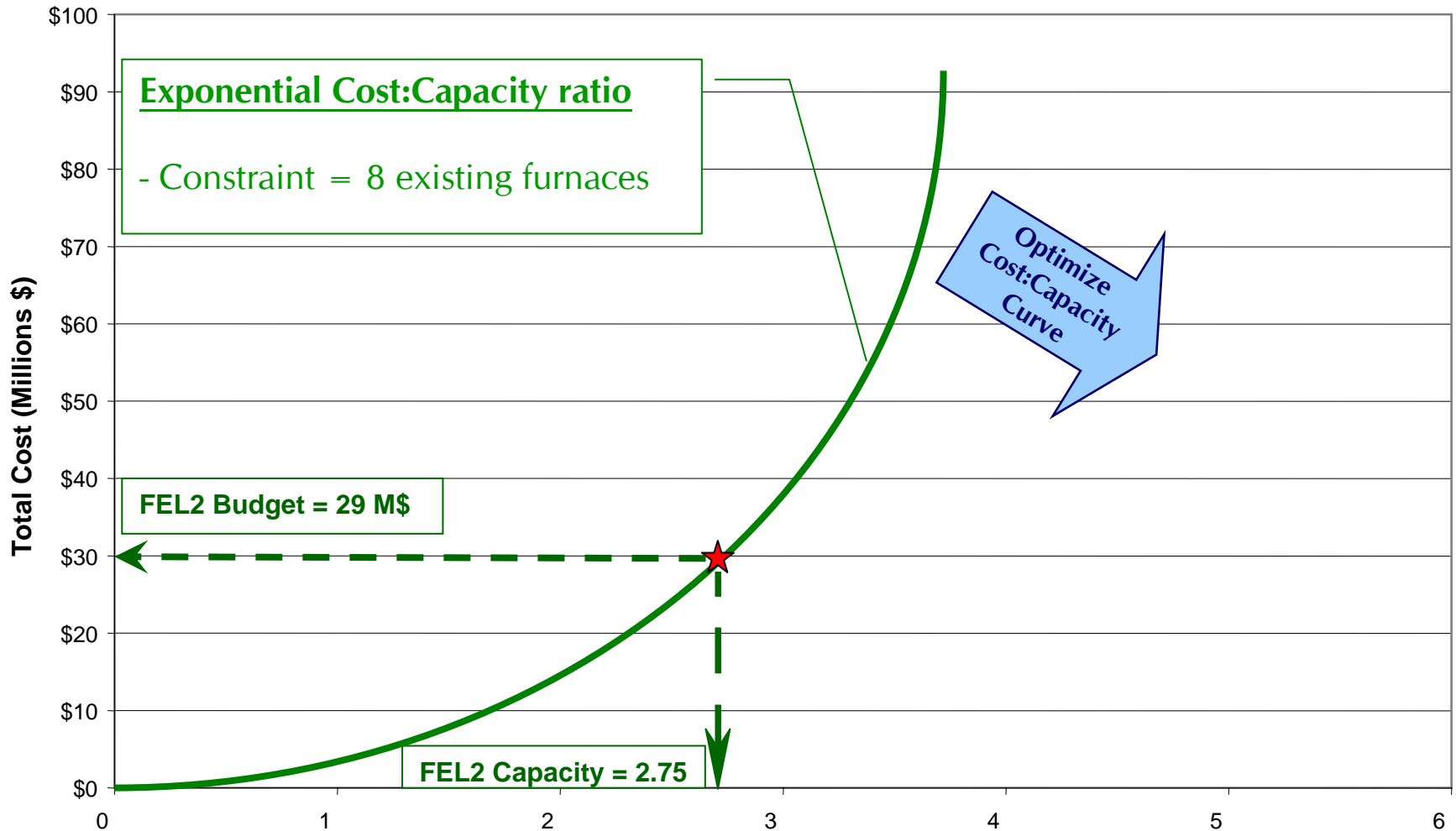
SF7

SF8

Incremental Capacity : Add MW

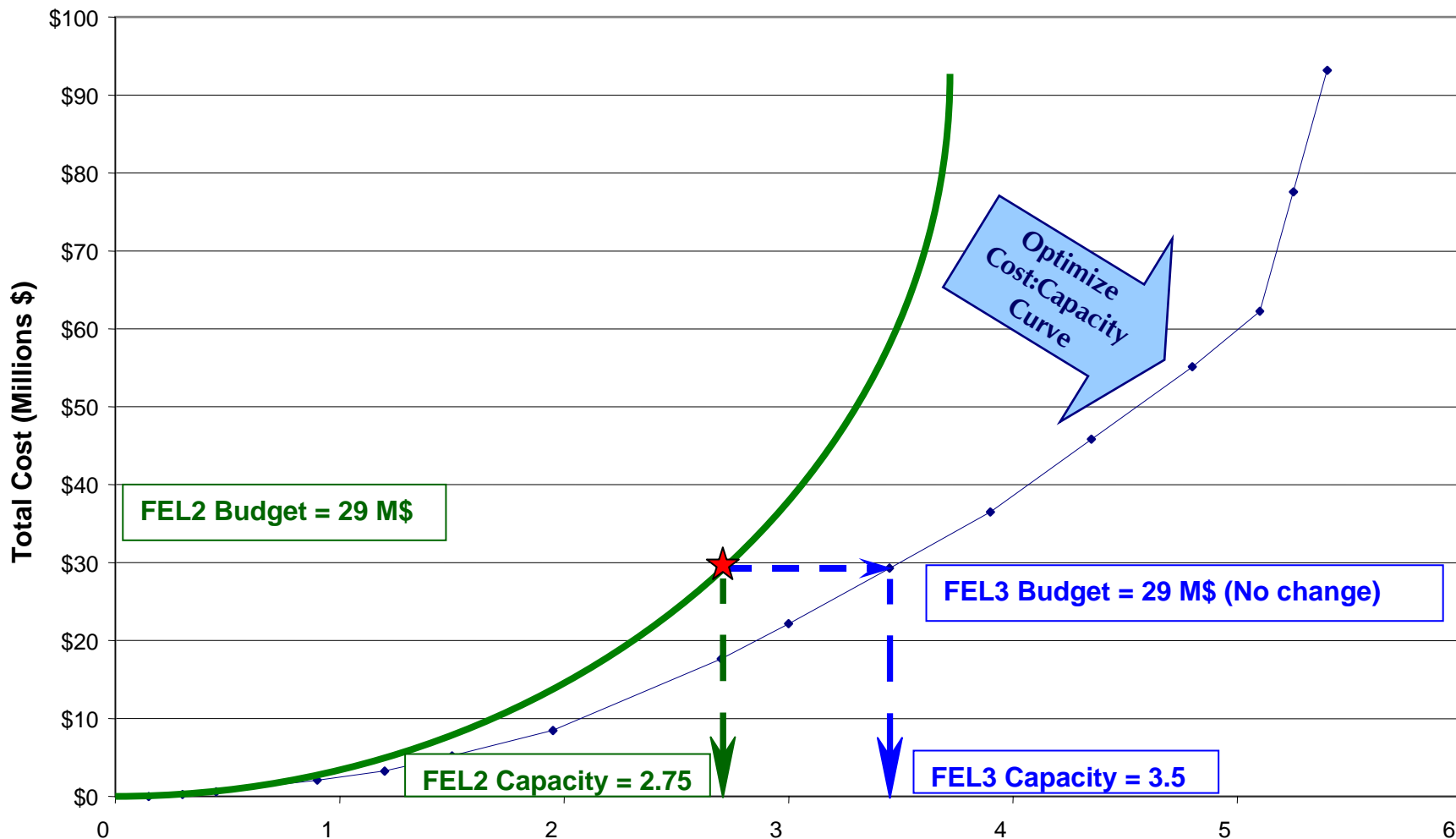


Furnace Cost:Capacity Chart



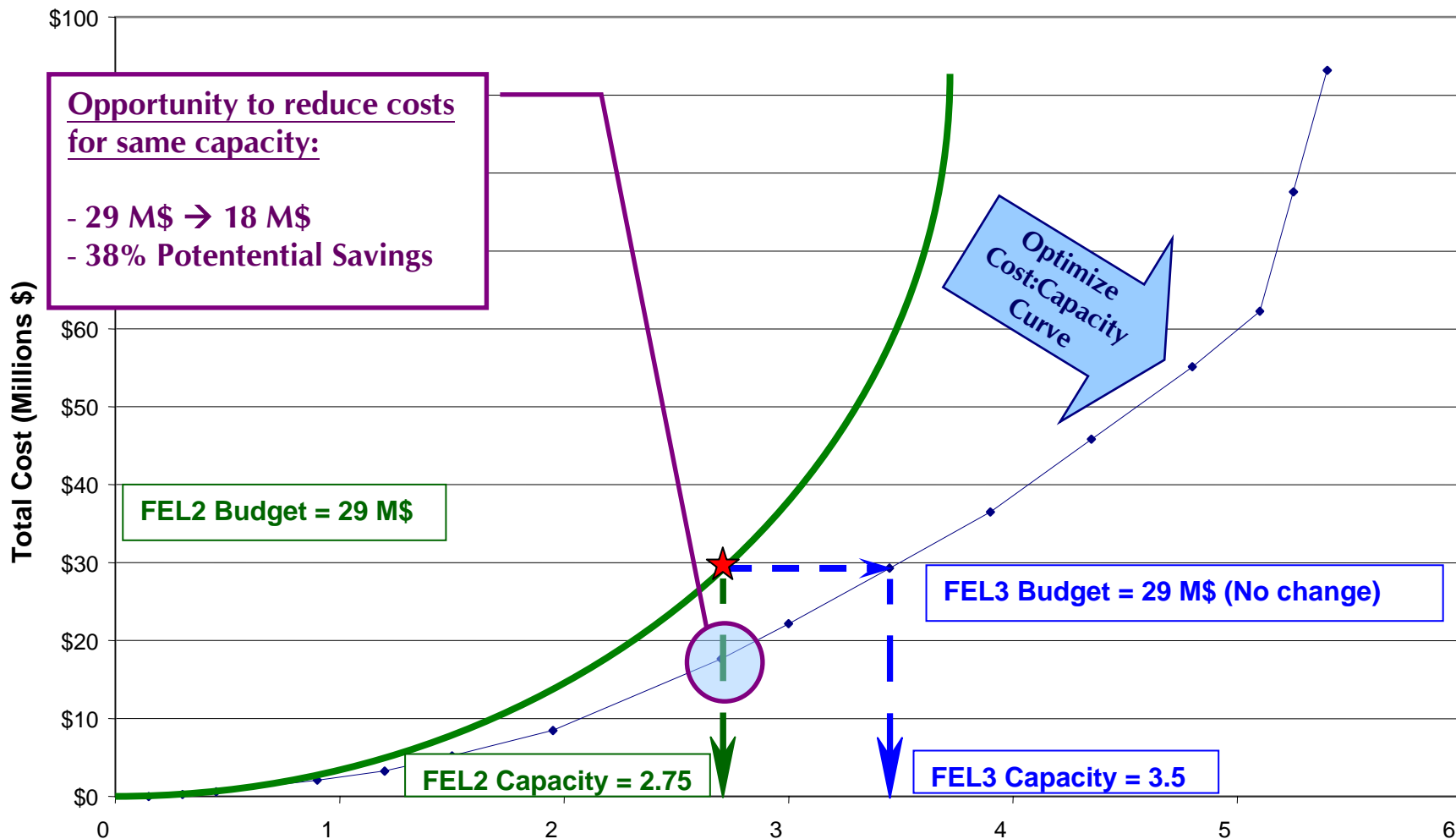
SF1-SF8 debottlenecking:
Incremental Capacity

Furnace Cost:Capacity Chart



SF1-SF8 debottlenecking:
Incremental Capacity

Furnace Cost:Capacity Chart



SF1-SF8 debottlenecking:
Incremental Capacity

Furnaces

Furnaces

VA:

- Functional analysis
- Idea generation
- Cost: Benefit analysis
- Decision making

Nominal Capacity

Same \$

Net Capacity

+ 27% **Relative**
+ 2% **Absolute**

Utilisation

Efficiency

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 - CO gas system
 - Furnaces
 - **Iron Ladles**



QIT

RTT

ATCH™

Iron Ladles

Nominal Capacity

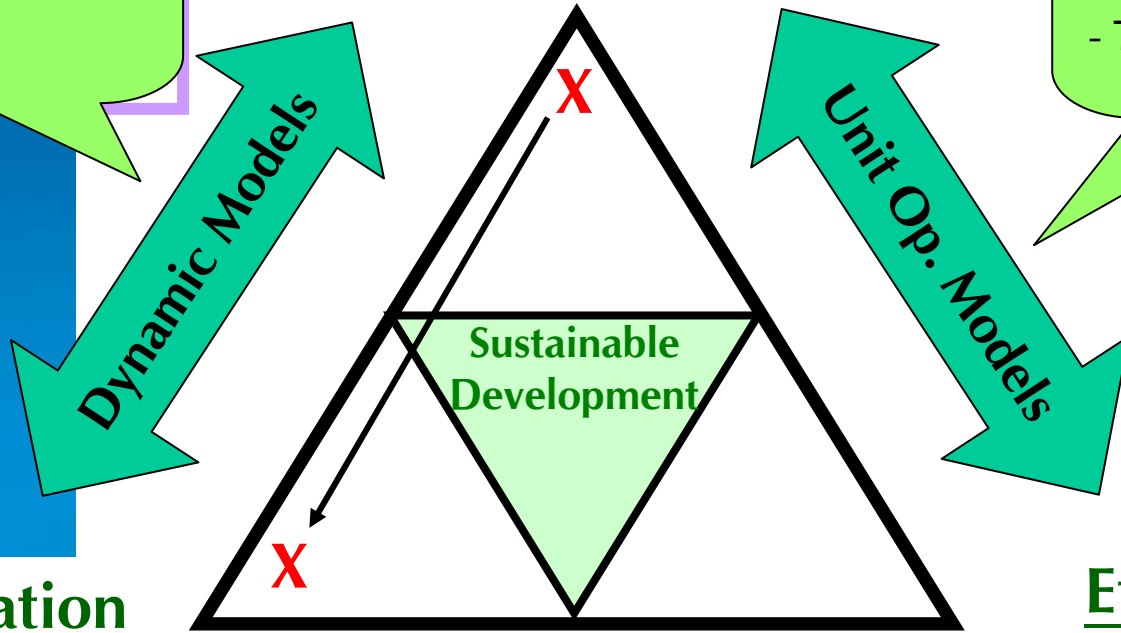
- Increase ladle size
- Upgrade crane and auxiliaries

Optimize utilization:

- Scheduling
- Resources
- Availability

Optimize capacity (\$):

- Benchmarking
- Cycle time
- Tap size



Net utilisation

Reduce tapping delays

- Increase and reorganize crew
- Opex only – no Capex

Efficiency

75% \$

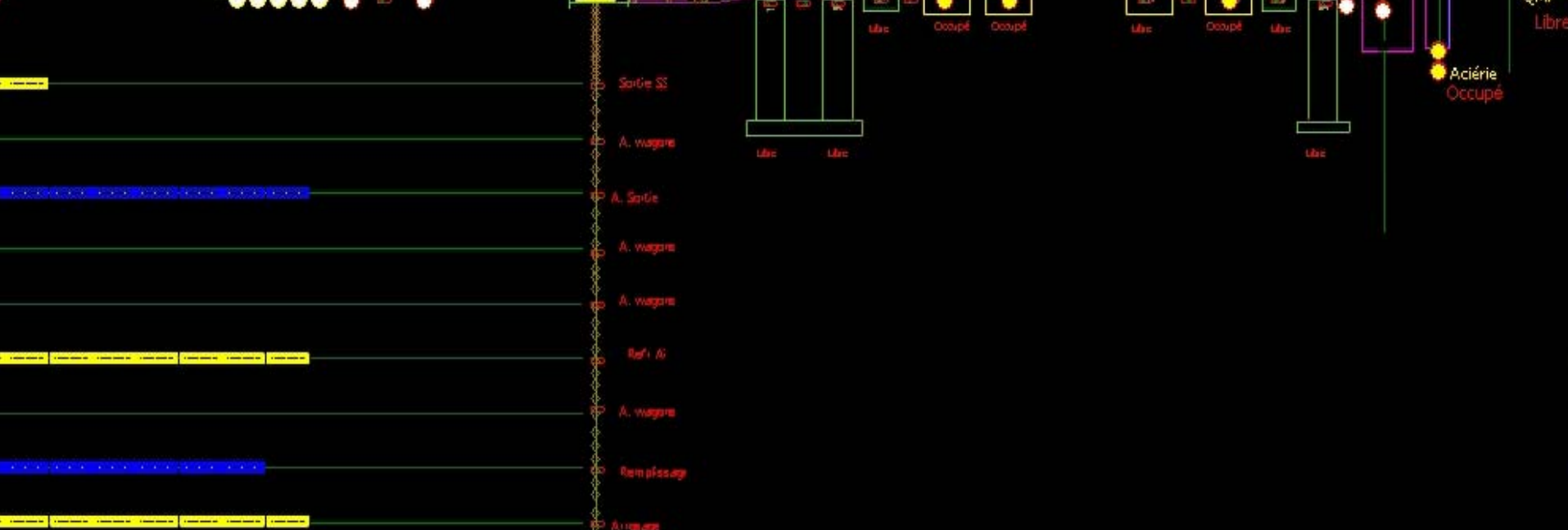


Semaine 1
Jour 7
Heure 2
Minutes 24



FER SCORIE

NBRE COULEE 223 000
TONNES PRODUITES 223 000



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 - **Slag Cooling**



Slag Cooling

Nominal Capacity

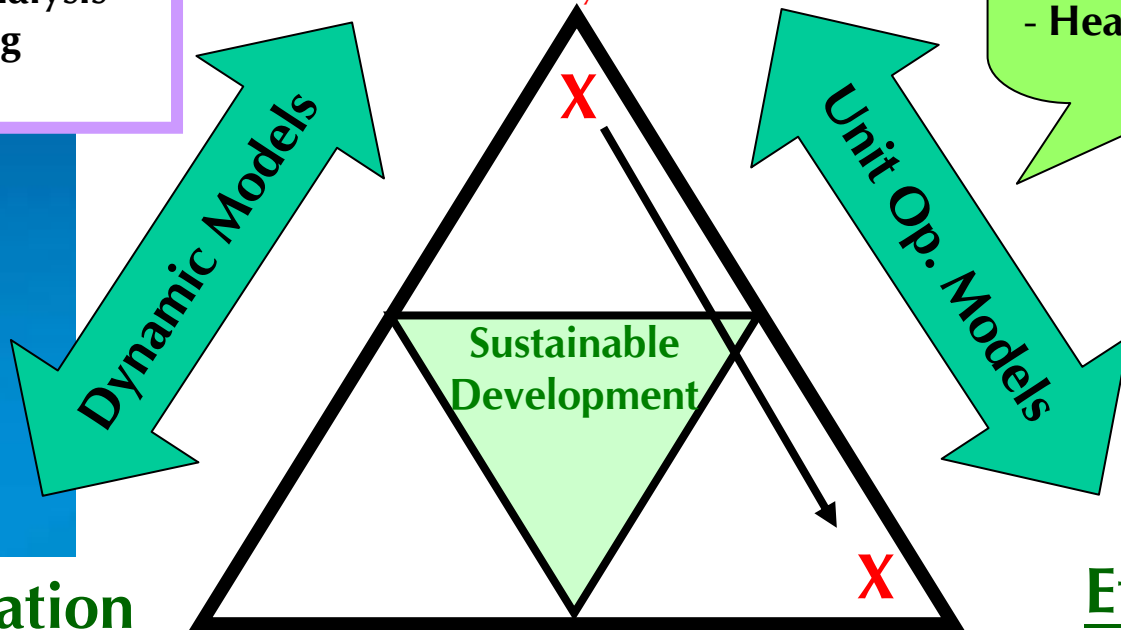
VA:

- Functional analysis
- Idea generation
- Cost: Benefit analysis
- Decision making

- Segregated slag cars (2 slags)
- Dedicated shower lines
- Double water systems

Optimize efficiency:

- Cycle time
- Logistics
- Heat transfer



Net Utilisation

Efficiency

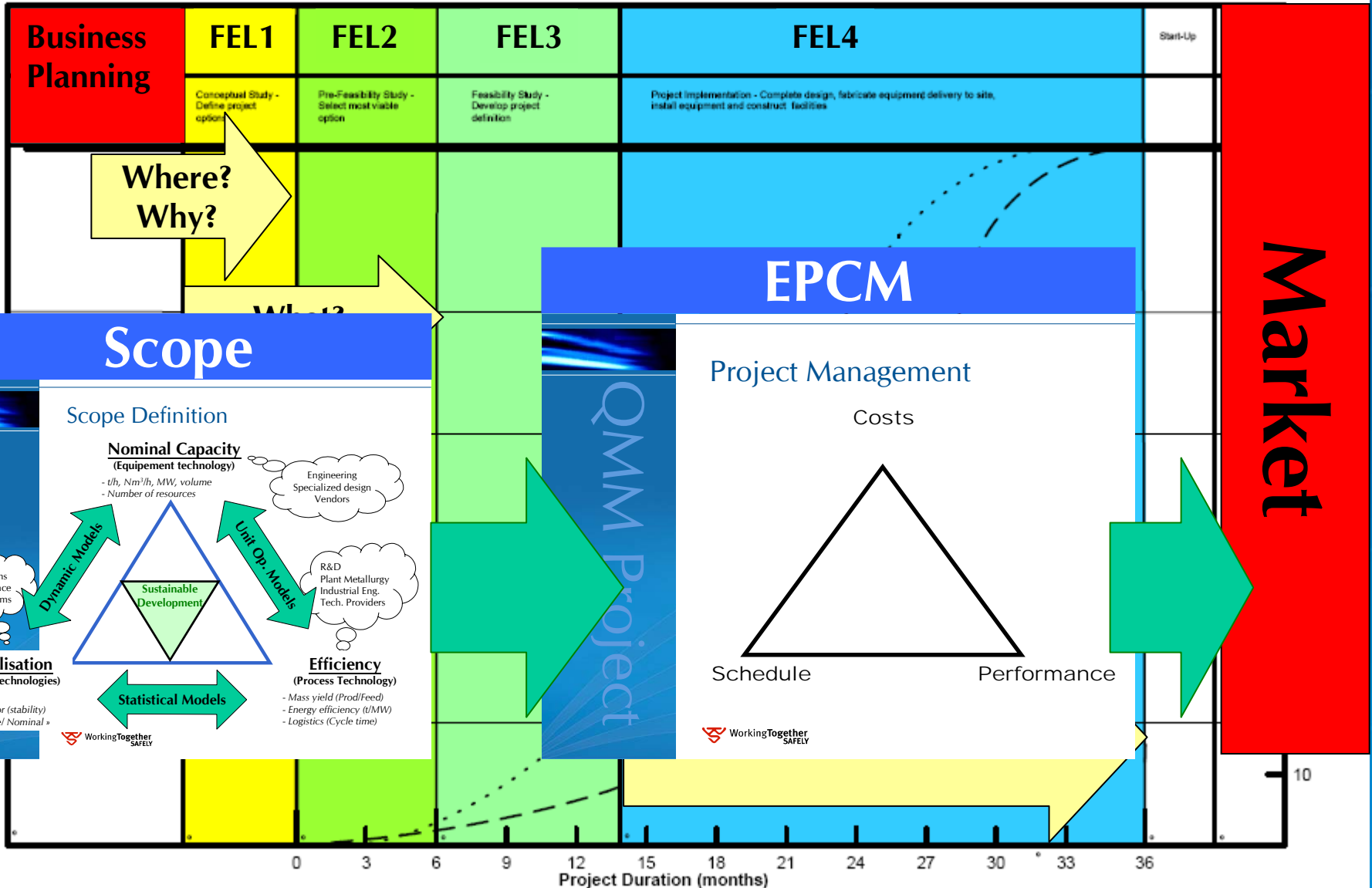
- Mix cars using tracking system
- Reduced no. Shower lines
- Reduced water consumption within existing capacity

Conclusion



Linear Definition Approach

Typical Project Life Cycle



Context-Driven Definition (CDD)

Business Planning	FEL1	FEL2
	Conceptual Study - Define project option	Pre-Feasibility Study - Select most viable option

Where?
Why?

What?

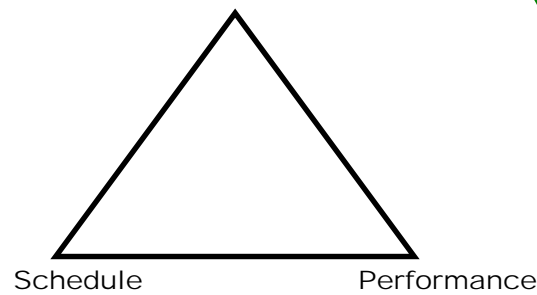
Value Added Bus. Case

Gains from VA:
-FEL2: 30-90%

EPCM Goal/ Strategy

Project Management

Costs



Market Projection

CDD

Nominal Capacity
(Equipment technology)

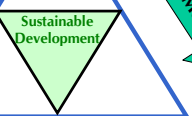
- t/h, Nm³/h, MW, volume
- Number of resources

Engineering
Specialized design
Vendors

Operations
Maintenance
Info. Systems

Dynamic Models

Unit Op. Models



R&D
Plant Metallurgy
Industrial Eng.
Tech. Providers

Net Utilisation
(Operation Technologies)

- Operating time
- Operating factor (stability)
- « Average/ Nominal »

Efficiency
(Process Technology)

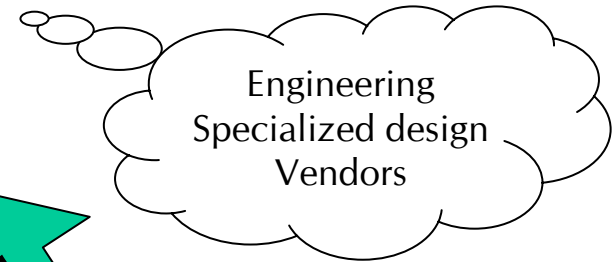
- Mass yield (Prod/Feed)
- Energy efficiency (t/MW)
- Logistics (Cycle time)

Statistical Models

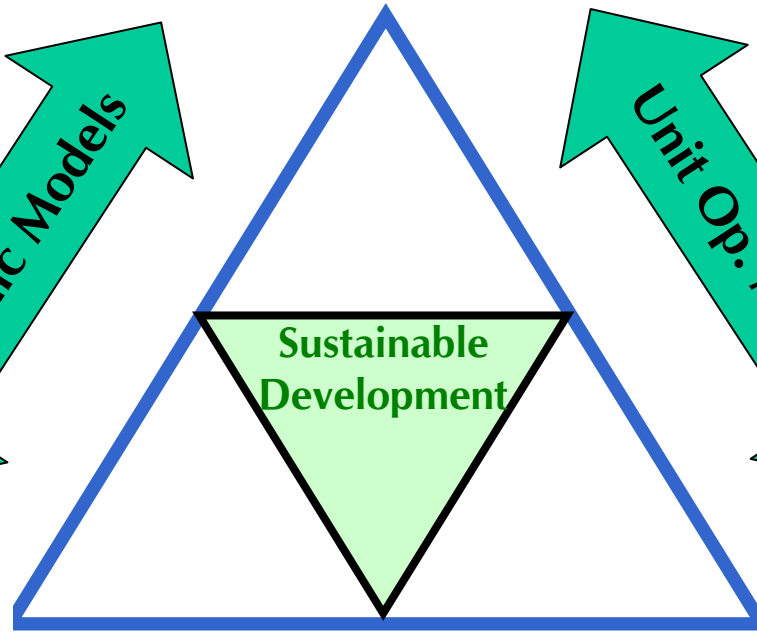
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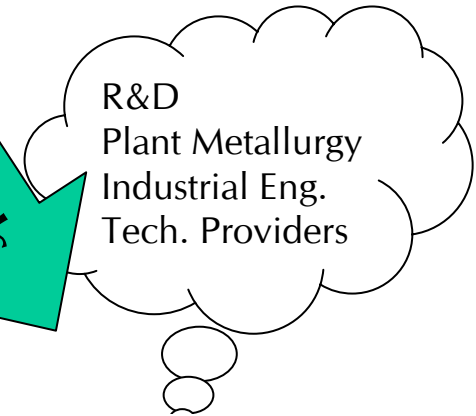


Dynamic Models



Sustainable Development

Unit Op. Models



Net Utilisation (Operation Technologies)

- Operating time
- Operating factor (stability)
- « Average/ Nominal »

Efficiency (Process Technology)

- Mass yield (Prod/Feed)
- Energy efficiency (t/MW)
- Logistics (Cycle time)

Statistical Models